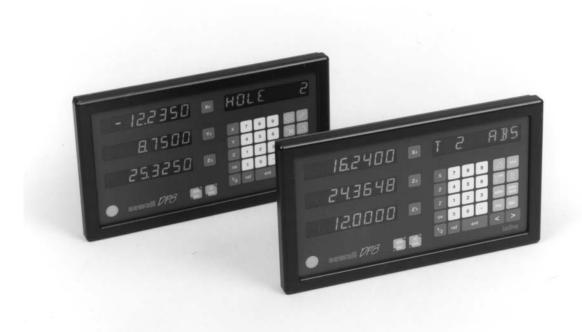
NEWALL

NEWALL MEASUREMENT SYSTEMS LTD

DP8

Digital Readout Display



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1.0 INTRODUCTION

1.1 EMC and Low Voltage Compliance

The DP8 Digital Readout conforms to the relevant European standards for electromagnetic compatibility and low voltage directive as detailed below.

BS EN 50081-2: Electromagnetic compatibility.

Generic Emission Standard - Industrial Environment

BS EN 50082-2: Electromagnetic compatibility.

Generic Immunity Standard - Industrial Environment.

BS EN 61010-1: Safety requirements for electrical equipment for

measurement, control and laboratory use.



Certificate No FM36096



1.2 Technical Specifications

Construction: Two part system - display/keyboard separate from DSU/Inputs

Dimension Display/Keyboard DSU

 Height:
 170mm (6.7in)
 130mm (5.1in)

 Width:
 295mm (11.6in)
 185mm (7.3in)

 Depth:
 30mm (1.2in)
 60mm (2.4in)

 Weight:
 2.1kg (4.6lbs)
 1.7kg (3.7lbs)

Operating Voltage: 115 or 230V (switch selection)

Supply Voltage Fluctuation: Not to exceed +/-15% of the operating voltage

Supply Frequency: 50 to 60 Hz

Maximum Power Consumption: 26VA

Operating Temperature: 0 to 45°C (32°F to 113°F)

Storage Temperature: -20 to 60°C (-4°F to 140°F)

Inputs: Dependant on model, two or three Spherosyn/Microsyn transducers

Resolution:

Spherosyn/Microsyn 10

Microsyn 5

5 μ m (0.0002in) / 10 μ m (0.0005in) / 20 μ m (0.001in) / 50 μ m (0.002in) 1 μ m (0.00005in) / 2 μ m(0.0001in) / 5 μ m (0.0002in) / 10 μ m (0.0005in)

Environmental Conditions: Indoor Use, IP20 (IEC 529)

Relative humidity - maximum 80% for temperatures up to 31°C (87.8°F),

decreasing linearly to 33% at 45°C (113°F).

Transient overvoltage according to INSTALLATION CATEGORY II of IEC664

POLLUTION DEGREE 2 in accordance with IEC664

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2.0 INSTALLATION

2.1 Mounting 1

Select the location of the DP8 with due regard of safety and ease of operation. Keep it clear of moving parts and coolant spray. Ensure that the natural ventilation around the digital sending unit (DSU) is not restricted.

To ensure correct operation of the DP8, it is recommended that the digital sending unit (DSU) is grounded to the machine from the equipotential terminal. A ground strap is provided in the fitting kit. The strap should be cut to a suitable length once the DSU had been fixed to the machine. A terminal is provided for crimping to the ground strap. This operation should be conducted by a suitably qualified engineer. The machine must also be grounded to a good earth point.

The DP8 can be mounted in two basic ways as shown in Figure 2.1

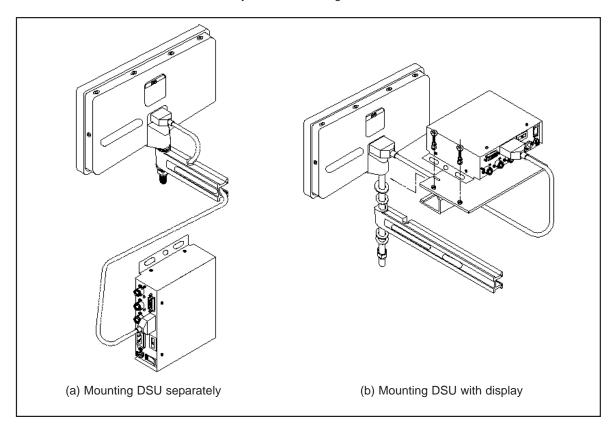


Figure 2.1 - Mounting Procedures

2.1.1 Display and digital sending unit (DSU) mounted separately (Figure 2.1a)

The keypad/display unit incorporates an M10 tapped hole in the rear of the unit. The M10 hole can be used to mount the display in any of the standard methods as shown in Figure 2.2. The M10 stud mount is provided as standard. The swivel mount assembly (Part No. 294-37740), the DP8 mounting arm (Part No 294-40050) and the DSU mounting assembly (Part No 600-65590) are all optional items as detailed on the price list.

nck view)

The DSU is normally mounted on a vertical face on the rear of the machine. The DSU facilitates the fixing in 2, 3 or 4 point location. For metric applications drill and tap an M6 hole and locate the DSU by inserting one of the M6 bolts provided. Ensure the DSU is level, mark the next location and drill and tap the second hole. Repeat this process for the required number of fixing locations. For those customers requiring imperial (Inch) fittings, repeat the above process substituting 1/4 inch UNC tapped hole and bolts.

Note: The fitting kit includes both the metric and imperial fittings. The metric fittings are zinc coated whereas the imperial fittings are black

The DSU is connected to the keypad/display via a 3.5 metre 9 pin "D" type cable. The cable can only be connected in one direction. Once connected, secure the cable at both ends using the slotted locking screws.

Please note, as shown in Figure 2.1, the transducer and mains leads should be positioned underneath the DSU to avoid any ingress of coolant.

2.1.2 Display and data sending unit (DSU) mounted together (Figure 2.1b)

An optional bracket (Part No 600-65590) is available to facilitate the mounting of the DSU directly to the keypad/display. This assembly can be mounted using the standard M10 stud, the swivel mount assembly (Part No 294-37740), the DP8 mounting arm (Part No 294-40050) . The last three items are optional and are detailed on the price list.

The DSU is mounted to the optional bracket by four M6 bolts. These bolts are provided with the bracket assembly.

The bracket kit includes a 300mm 9 pin "D" type cable. This cable is to be used to connect the DSU to the keypad/display. The 3.5 metre cable is not needed in this configuration. The cable can only be connected in one direction. Once the sockets are located in the DSU and the keypad/display secure the slotted locking screws.

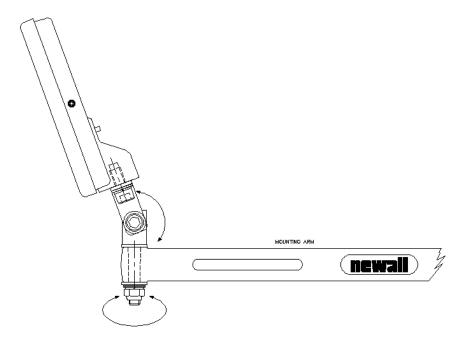


Figure 2.2 - M10, Swivel Mount and Arm .

2.2 Power Supply

BEFORE CONNECTING THE ELECTRICAL SUPPLY TO THE DIGITAL SENDING UNIT (DSU), CHECK THAT THE VOLTAGE SELECTOR SWITCH IS CORRECTLY SET. Figure 2.3 shows the position of this switch.

The mains supply is connected through a detachable supply cord. The counter is supplied with a cord with a right-angle connector. If another supply cord is used, it must have fitted a IEC320, 10A, EARTHED mains connector with a cord rated for at least 10A.

The PROTECTIVE EARTH CIRCUIT of the mains supply MUST BE CONNECTED to the protective earth terminal of the DSU through the supply cord.

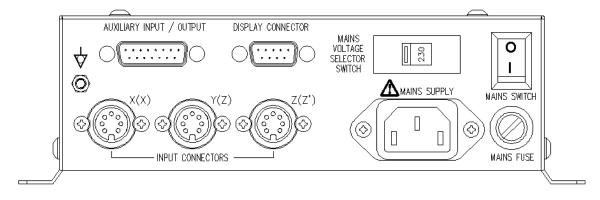
The supply cord should be secured with cable ties to ensure that it cannot drop into a hazardous position, ie. the floor or coolant tray, when disconnected from the DSU.

The supply cord must be routed away from moving parts, swarf, coolant or sources of heat.

If a mains plug is not already fitted to the supply cord or is of the wrong type, then a suitable EARTHED plug should be used which complies with the relevant specifications for plugs and socket-outlets.

The mains supply fuse is a 20x5mm, type T0.5A, 250V. It is not to be replaced by the operator. If the fuse blows it is a possible indication of some significant problem with the power source. Check the supply and wiring carefully. If the fuse is replaced, the DSU must first be disconnected from the supply by the removal of the IEC socket from the inlet. This connector is the primary disconnect device for the equipment and must be accessible at all times. Do not position the equipment so that it is difficult to operate the disconnect device.

NOTE: If the equipment is used in a manner not specified by the manufacturer, the protection provided by the equipment may be impaired.





Equipotential terminal for grounding the DSU to the machine. Refer to section 2.1.



Caution. Refer to section 2.2 before connection to the mains supply.

Figure 2.3 - Connection diagram for the Digital Sending Unit (DSU)

2.3 Transducer Connection

Figure 2.3 shows the connection sockets on the DSU. The DP8 is designed for use with Newall's Spherosyn and Microsyn transducers only. The transducers are connected to the DSU with Bleecon type connectors. These connectors have a sliding sleeve that locks the connectors to their sockets.

Switch off the DSU before connecting or disconnecting the transducers. To fit the connectors into the appropriate socket on the DSU, first align the connector and then push firmly in place. You should hear a click confirming that the locking sleeve has engaged. To remove the connector, pull back on the connector sleeve to disengage the locking mechanism.

The transducers and the display/keyboard are connected to the DSU at a separated extra low voltage (SELV) level. Any additional interconnections must also be at SELV level.

2.4 Switching On 1

The mains supply switch for the DP8 is mounted on the side of the DSU as shown in Figure 2.3.

When you switch on the DP8, the unit will automatically go through a brief self diagnostic routine.

During this routine, the name DP8 will be shown, then the software version number will be displayed and all segments of the displays will be lit.

After this routine, the unit will display measurements and is ready for use.

The DP8 can be switched off via the mains switch on the DSU. Alternatively, the keypad/display can be switched off by pressing the key. Please note that the DSU remains under power when the key is pressed.

CONVENTIONS USED IN THIS MANUAL

The direction of travel of an axis refers to the travel of the tool relative to the workpiece. Keys on the keypad are signified in bold print, such as [ENT] for the enter key.

3.0 USER INSTRUCTIONS

3.1 Options

The DP8 is available in three models, the DP8 Mill, DP8 Lathe and the DP8 EDM. Each DP8 model is available with an optional auxiliary port. The auxiliary port is used for (i) a remote zero pendant (part number 600-17690) and (ii) for positional output data

Models	2 Axes	3 Axes	Additional Features
DP8 Mill	3	3	Bolt Hole Circle (PCD) and Bolt Hole Arc mode, Line Hole (max 999 holes), Arc contouring, Polar co-ordinates, Sub-
DP8 Lathe	3	3	Datums Tool Offsets,99 , Taper calculations, Internal summing, Vectoring, Sub-Datums

3.2 Using the keypad

The keys are used as follows

Standard Keys	Purpose
	On/Off (Display only, not DSU)
X Y Z Z'	Select axis to enter dimension (preset)
Xo Yo Zo Z'o	Set the current position for the axis to zero (reset)
се	Clear entry values in preset mode
ent	Enter key to confirm data entry
abs	Switches between absolute and incremental readings (LED indicates choice of mode)
1/2	Centre find function
ref	Select the Digifind function
in mm	Switches between inch and millimetre display (LED indicates choice of mode)
± 1 2 3 4 5	Numeric keypad for data entry
· 6 7 8 9 0	
sdm	Selecting the required Sub-Datum number
sdm zero	Setting the selected Sub-Datum to zero
ins. del.	Insert / Delete
<>>	Scroll Previous / Scroll Next

Mill Option Keys	Purpose
\oplus	For using the Pitch Circle Diameter (PCD) function
	For using the Line Hole function
R	For using the ARC function
	For selecting between Cartesian (x,y,z) and Polar (Length+Angle) co-ordinates

Lathe Option Keys	Purpose
	For Taper calculations
	For using Tool Off-Sets
set	Setting Tool Off-Sets
1+1	Summing function, vectoring function



DP8 Mill 2 Axes



DP8 Mill 3 Axes



DP8 Lathe 2 Axes



DP8 Lathe 3 Axes

4.0 SET-UP

4.1 Set-Up Introduction

The DP8 digital readout display is equipped with a Set-Up Routine. The routine enables the operator to change factory settings in order to increase efficiency and productivity. If the factory defaults are suitable, select the NORMAL option at the end of the Routine to restore the factory defaults.

Generally, the entire Set-Up Routine is performed only one time. Changing some parameters in Set-Up may alter datums, SDMs, tool compensations and Digifind.

DO NOT RUN SET-UP IF YOU ARE NOT PREPARED TO LOSE THIS DATA.

Set-Up is enabled while the unit is running its initial self-test, just after powering on. Press the [ON/OFF] on the face of the display as the self-test is running.

The Set-Up procedure makes use of a menu system. The main menu consists of a list of options that can be customised for your use (See Table 1). You simply press the [<] and [>] keys to scroll through this list until you reach the option you wish to change. To change the option when selected, press [ENT].

To exit the Set-Up routine scroll through to the guit option and press [ENT].

If the keypad/display has been switched off by pressing the [ON/OFF] key rather than switching off at the mains, it is possible to enter the Set-Up routine by pressing the [ABS/INC] key followed by the [ON/OFF] key.



ON/OFF key



ABS/INC key



ON/OFF key

This is required to complete the proper sequence as described in text above

4.2 Set-Up Defaults

AACE TION APPROACH SET AL COPTIONS NG	FUNCTION	DESCRIPTION	DEFAULT SETTING	MENU OPTIONS
Enables the language to display messages Enables the audible beep when keys are pressed on the keypad Selects the type of transducer on each axis Selects radius or diameter reading for each axis Selects the resolution to be displayed on each axis CTION Changes the direction of count for each axis Changes the direction of count for each axis Changes the direction of count for each axis Changes the position pulse output function Only available when the optional auxiliary port is included) SET Conly available when the optional auxiliary port is included) SET Conly available when the optional auxiliary port is included) SET Conly available when the optional auxiliary port is included) SET Conly available when the optional auxiliary port is included) Sets the position that triggers a pulse output (Only available when the optional auxiliary port is included) Sets factory defaults for the DP8 Exist the Set-Up routine and saves settings to memory COPTIONS Enables the arc contour function on the keypad Enables the arc contour function on the keypad Enables line polar co-ordinate function on the keypad Enables line polar co-ordinate function on the keypad Enables summing of axes on the keypad Enables Taber function on the keypad				
Enables the audible beep when keys are pressed on the keypad Selects the type of transducer on each axis Selects radius or diameter reading for each axis Selects radius or diameter reading for each axis CTION Changes the direction of count for each axis CHanges the subdatum memory function on the keypad OUT Enables the subdatum memory function on the keypad Conly available when the optional auxiliary port is included) SET Sets the position that triggers a pulse output (Only available when the optional auxiliary port is included) SET Sets the position that triggers a pulse output (Only available when the optional auxiliary port is included) SET Sets the position that triggers a pulse output (Only available when the optional auxiliary port is included) SET Sets factory defaults for the DP8 Exits the Set-Up routine and saves settings to memory Chaptes the bolt hole circle function on the keypad Enables the bolt hole circle function on the keypad Enables line hold function on keypad Enables line hold function on keypad Enables summing of axes on the keypad Enables summing of axes on the keypad Enables Taper function on the keypad Enables summing of axes on the keypad Enables Taper function on the keypad	LANGOAGE	Selects the language to display messages	בו פרו פרו	English/French/German/Spanish Italian/Danish/Czech
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CTION Changes the direction of count for each axis CTION Changes the direction of count for each axis CHAPPED CHAPPES a linear error compensation factor Enables the subdatum memory function on the keypad CONY available when the optional auxiliary port is included) SET CONY available when the optional auxiliary port is included) SET CONY available when the optional auxiliary port is included) SET CONY available when the optional auxiliary port is included) SET CONY available when the optional auxiliary port is included) SET CONY available when the optional auxiliary port is included) SET CONY available when the optional auxiliary port is included) SET CONY available when the optional auxiliary port is included) SET CONY available when the optional auxiliary port is included) SET CONY available when the optional auxiliary port is included) SET CONY available when the optional auxiliary port is included) SET CONY available when the optional auxiliary port is included) SET CONY available when the optional auxiliary port is included) SET CONY availables the option on the keypad Exits the Set-Up routine and saves settings to memory CONY availables line hole function on the keypad Enables line hole function on keypad Enables line hole function on keypad Enables line polar co-ordinate function on the keypad Enables summing of axes on the keypad Enables Taber function on the keypad Enables Taber function on the keypad	RAD/DIA	Selects radius or diameter reading for each axis	RAD (DIA - X axis lathe)	Rad/Dia
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E OPTIONS Enables tool offset compensation Enables summing of axes on the keypad Enables Taper function on the keypad.	POLAR	Enables line polar co-ordinate function on the keypad	ON	On/Off
Enables tool offset compensation ING Enables Summing of axes on the keypad Enables Taper function on the keypad.	LATHE OPTION	S		
Enables summing of axes on the keypad Enables Taper function on the keypad.	TOOL	Enables tool offset compensation	NO	On/Off
Enables Taper function on the keypad.	SUMMING	Enables summing of axes on the keypad	OFF	Off/ X+Z' / Z+Z' / Vectored
	TAPER	Enables Taper function on the keypad.	NO	On/Off

Table 1 - Set-Up Defaults

4.3 Set-Up Menu (a) Set-Up The Set-Up procedure can only entered by pressing the SET-UP [ON/OFF] during the power on sequence or by turning the display off using [ON/OFF] and then pressing [ABS/INC] before pressing [ON/OFF] again. When you have entered the Set-Up routine, the letters 'SET-UP' appear in the top axis display. Press the [>] key to move to the next menu option. (b) Language LANGUAGE ent ENGLISH ent Options: ENGLISH FRANCATS Press the [>] key to move to the next menu option. DEUTSCH TALIANO ESPANOL DANSK CESKY Scroll through the available options using the arrow keys and select the desired language mode with [ENT] (c) **Key Beep** KEYBEEP ent BEEPON ent Options: BEEPON Press the [>] key to move to the next menu option. BEEPOFF Toggle between Beep On and Beep Off using the arrow keys and select desired mode with [ENT] (d) I/P Type I/P TYPE The I/P (Input) Type function allows the operator to specify ent the type of transducer connected to each axis. The DP8 reads Newall's Spherosyn, Microsyn 10 or Microsyn 5 SEL AXIS

Transducers.

IMPORTANT:

The input type selected for each axis must match the transducer connected to that axis. The DP8 will give incorrect readings if the I/P Type does not match the transducer installed.

Press the [>] key to move to the next menu option.

SPHEroSn uSn 10

uSn 5

Scroll through available options for each axis using the (AXIS) key, once all axes

read the desired transducer type, select

ent

Options:

with [ENT]

(e) Radius / Diameter	
RAD/DIA ent	The Radius/Diameter function allows the operator to display actual (radius) or twice-actual (diameter) measure-
SEL. AXIS	ments for each axis. This function is generally used in turning applications, such as the cross travel on a lathe.
Options: RAD DIA	
Toggle between Radius and Diameter using the (AXIS) keys and select desired mode with [ENT]	Press the [>] key to move to the next menu option.
(f) Resolution	
RESOLUTION ent	The Resolution function allows the operator to determine the resolution for each axis.
SEL. AXIS (0.00005) (0.002mm (0.0001) (0.005mm (0.0002))	IMPORTANT: The Resolution available for each axis depends upon the I/P (Input) Type established for that axis.
0.010mm (0.0005) 0.020mm (0.002) 0.050mm (0.005)	IMPORTANT: The 0.001 mm (0.00005") resolution is only available
Scroll through available options for each axis using the (AXIS) key, once all axes	in Radius mode.
read the desired resolution, select with [ENT]	Press the [>] key to move to the next menu option.
(g) Direction	
DIRECTION ent	Direction allows the operator to change the direction of travel for each axis. Changing the setting will reverse the current direction.
(SEL. AXIS X	EXAMPLE:
Options: 0 1	If the current setting is 0 and the travel is positive from right to left, changing the setting to 1 will reverse the
Toggle between 0 and 1 for each axis using the (AXIS) key. When all axes read the desired direction, select with [ENT]	direction to measure positive from left to right.
ent	Press the [>] key to move to the next menu option.
(h) Linear Error Compensation	on
LINEAR COMP ent	Linear Error Compensation allows the operator to apply a constant correction factor to all measurements displayed. Linear error may occur if the axis of the machine is not
SEL. AXIS Select the axis to be compensated using	running perfectly parallel to the scale (cosine error) or if the machine is moving in an arc (Abbé errors). The causes

may be:

1. Machine wear.

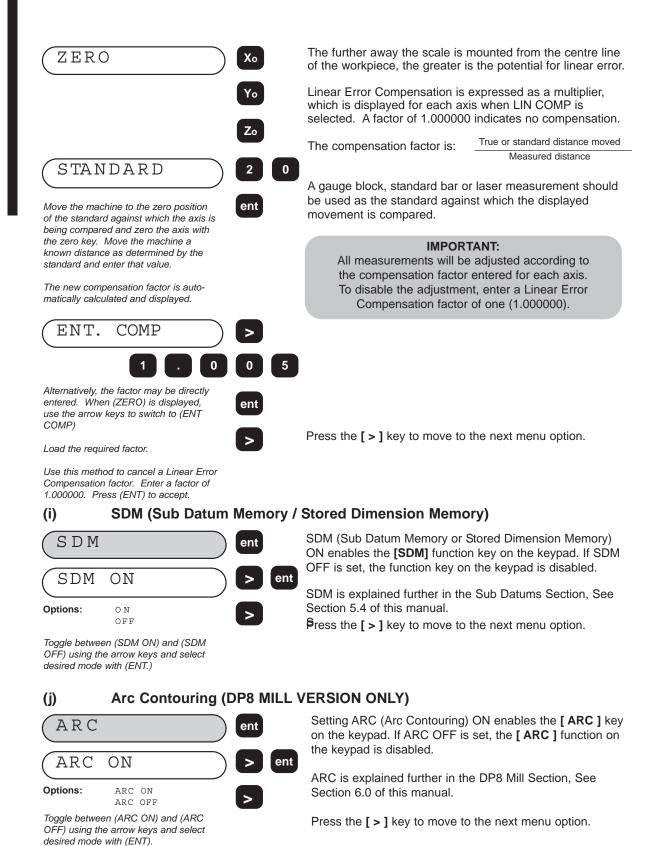
overhanging section.

Select the axis to be compensated using the axis keys

Continued overleaf...

2. Deflection of the machine due to weight acting on an

3. Misalignment of the scale due to poor installation.



(k) PCD / Bolt Hole Circle (DP8 MILL VERSION ONLY)



Toggle between (PCD ON) and (PCD OFF) using the arrow keys and select desired mode with (ENT).

Setting PCD (Bolt Hole Circle) ON enables the **[PCD]** function key on the keypad. If PCD OFF is set, the **[PCD]** function on the keypad is disabled.

PCD is explained further in the DP8 Mill Section See Section 6.0 of this manual.

Press the [>] key to move to the next menu option.

(I) Line Hole Tool (DP8 MILL VERSION ONLY)



Toggle between (LINE ON) and (LINE OFF) using the arrow keys and select desired mode with (ENT).

LINE OFF

Setting LINE (Line Hole Tool) ON enables the **[LINE]** key on the keypad. If LINE OFF is set, the **[LINE]** function on the keypad is disabled.

Line Hole is explained further in the DP8 Mill Section, See Section 6.0 of this manual.

Press the [>] key to move to the next menu option.

(m) Polar Co-ordinates (DP8 MILL VERSION ONLY)



Toggle between (POLAR ON) and (POLAR OFF) using the arrow keys and select desired mode with (ENT).

Setting POLAR (Polar Co-ordinates) ON enables the [POLAR] key on the keypad. If OFF is set, the [POLAR] function on the keypad is disabled.

Polar Co-ordinates are explained further in the DP8 Mill Section, See Section 6.0 of this manual.

Press the [>] key to move to the next menu option.

(n) Tool Offset Compensation (DP8 LATHE VERSION ONLY)



Toggle between (TOOL ON) and (TOOL OFF) using the arrow keys and select desired mode with (ENT).

TOOLOFF

Setting TOOL (Tool Offsets) ON enables the TOOL keys on the keypad. If TOOL OFF is set, the **[TOOL]** function on the keypad is disabled.

Tool Offsets are explained further in the DP8 Lathe Section, See Section 7.0 of this manual.

Press the [>] key to move to the next menu option.

Summing (DP8 3 AXES LATHE VERSION ONLY) (0) SUMMING Setting a summing option enables the [SUMMING] key ent [1+1] on the keypad. If SUMMING OFF is set, the [SUMMING] function on the keypad is disabled. VECTORED ent The Summing function is explained further in the DP8 Options: $X + Z^{i}$ Lathe Section (See Section 7.0) of this manual. $Z + Z^{i}$ VECTORED Press the [>] key to move to the next menu option. OFF Toggle between the options using the arrow keys and select desired mode with (ENT). **Taper (DP8 LATHE VERSION ONLY)** (p) Setting TAPER ON enables the TAPER key on the keypad. TAPER ent If TAPER OFF is set, the TAPER function on the keypad is disabled. TAPER ON ent The Taper function is explained further in the DP8 Lathe Section (See Section 7.0) of this manual. Options: TAPER ON TAPER OFF Press the [>] key to move to the next menu option. Toggle between (TAPER ON) and (TAPER OFF) using the arrow keys and select desired mode with (ENT). (q) Zero Approach Zero approach function can be set ON or OFF. ZERO APP ent When Zero Approach is ON, the leftmost character of the ZERO ON ent axis display flashes when the position is within a defined envelope. The flash rate increases as zero is approached. Options: ZERO ON Press the [>] key to move to the next menu option. Toggle between (ZERO ON) and (ZERO OFF) using the arrow keys and select desired mode with (ENT). **Zero Set** (r) If Zero Approach has been selected as ON, then Zero Set ZERO SET ent appears as the next "Set-Up" option. SEL AXIS The example refers to a 3 Axis Lathe. For a DP8 Mill the ent axis would be [X], [Y], [Z]. 2.000 The maximum envelope width is 2500mm (99"). 2.500 ent 0.000 Enter the Zero Set window by selecting Press the [>] key to move to the next menu option. the axis and entering the required value.

Entering "0" omits the approach warning

from that axis

Position Pulse Output (Auxiliary Option only) (s)

POS OUT ent ALLAXES ent Options: OFF X AXTS Y AXIS Z AXTS

Scroll through available options using the arrow keys and select the desired axis with (ENT).

ALLAXES

IMPORTANT!

This is only available with the optional auxiliary version and is detailed in Section 8.0

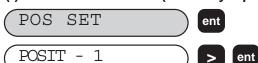
The Position Pulse Output function is only available on DSU's which have been fitted with the optional auxiliary output.

The function provides the operator with a way to control external devices such as relays or PLCs using the DP8. Setting Position Pulse Output to X AXIS, Y AXIS, Z AXIS or ALL AXES activates the feature for the selected axis.

NOTE: For the Lathe version, Y AXIS refers to the Z AXIS and the Z AXIS refers to the Z'AXIS.

Press the [>] key to move to the next menu option.

Position Set (Auxiliary Option only) (t)



Options: RESET POSIT-1 PULSE MS POSIT-2

POSIT-3 Scroll through available settings using the

arrow key, Load the relevant axes with the

required data.

Options:

IMPORTANT!

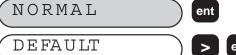
This is only available with the optional auxiliary version and is detailed in Section 8.0

The Position Set function is only available on DSU's which have been fitted with the optional auxiliary output.

The function allows the operator to set parameters for each axis specified as output during the Position Pulse Output Set-Up.

Press the [>] key to move to the next menu option.

Reset to Original Factory Settings (u)



Normal returns all the Set-Up Options to the original factory settings (Except language setting).



DEFAIIT QUIT NORMAL

Selecting DEFAULT will cancel all changes made during set-up. The DP8 will return to the original factory settings. Select QUIT NORMAL to leave the settings unchanged.

WARNING!

Toggle between Default and Quit Normal using the arrow keys and select desired mode with [ENT]

Quit Set-Up (v)

QUIT ent QUIT

Quit exits the Set-Up procedure and returns the DP8 to operational use.

Returns to normal operating mode.

5.0 STANDARD FUNCTIONS

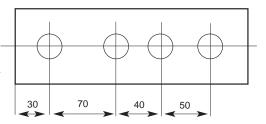
Absolute/Incremental



5.1.1 Using Incremental

When the DP8 is set to incremental mode, it can be used to display each new position relative to the last position. This is also known as point-to-point use.

On setting to incremental you can reset each axis by pressing [Xo] [Yo] or [Zo].

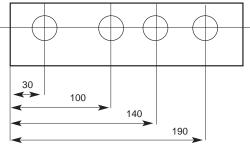


As an alternative to resetting the axes, you can enter the coordinates relative to the current incremental position. If done in a negative sense, the operator can move to "0.000" which may save a great deal of machining time.

Each time you switch to incremental mode, the DP8 will display the position relative to the last reset position while in the incremental mode.

5.1.2 **Using Absolute**

When the DP8 is set to absolute mode it will display the position relative to an established datum point.

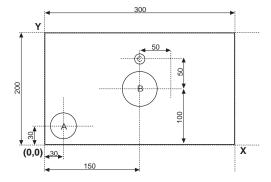


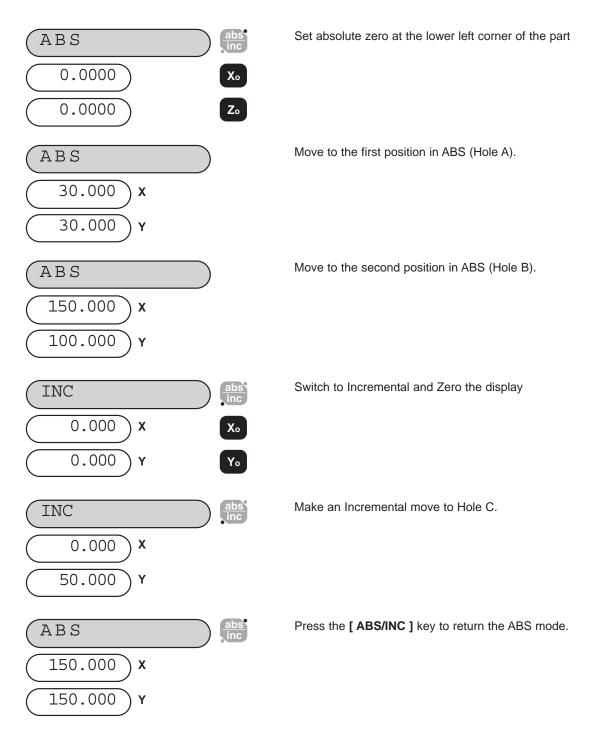
5.1.3 **Establishing the Datum**

When you reset the display in absolute mode, you are setting the current position of your machine as your datum point. All absolute positions will be measured relative to this datum.

To set the datum, position the machine at the point you intend to establish the datum and then reset any or all axes, while in the absolute mode.

The diagram below is used in the following example to show Absolute and Incremental modes.





Using the DP8 display in the manner given above can save considerable time as the operator can avoid time consuming math calculations.

5.2 Centre Find

Χo

Centre Find halves the dimension displayed for any or all axes selected. You can use Centre Find in either absolute or incremental mode. The keystrokes are the same in either case.

1/2 AX? Locate to your first position (one edge of

0.000

Locate/move to the second position (the other edge of the workpiece)

your workpiece) and zero the axis.

100.000

Use Centre Find to locate the centre point.

50.000 Move until display reads 0.000. At that point

you will locate the center of the port

In the following example, Centre Find is being used on the X axis to find the centre point of a workpiece that is 100mm wide.

In either absolute mode or incremental mode, once you have used Centre Find you can locate to the centre point by moving until the display is at 0.000.

NOTE: If you are in absolute mode, remember that using centre find will set the datum to the centre point.

Digifind



The DP8 comes equipped with Digifind, a feature unique to Newall digital readout products. Digifind eliminates the risk of losing your position and datum Set-Up. With Digifind, precise Set-Up of a workpiece is done only one time.

When the DP8 is powered on, it displays the position at power off, compensated for any movement of a Spherosyn transducer up to 0.2500" (6mm) and a Microsyn transducer up to 0.1000" (2.5mm) in either direction since the unit was last used. This applies whether the DP8 was switched off intentionally or accidentally, i.e., a power failure. If the machine has moved beyond 0.2500" (6mm) - Spherosyn [0.1000" (2.5mm) -Microsyn], Digifind allows a quick means to find the datum if lost. The DP8 will maintain the position for at least 30 days, the life of the battery back-up.

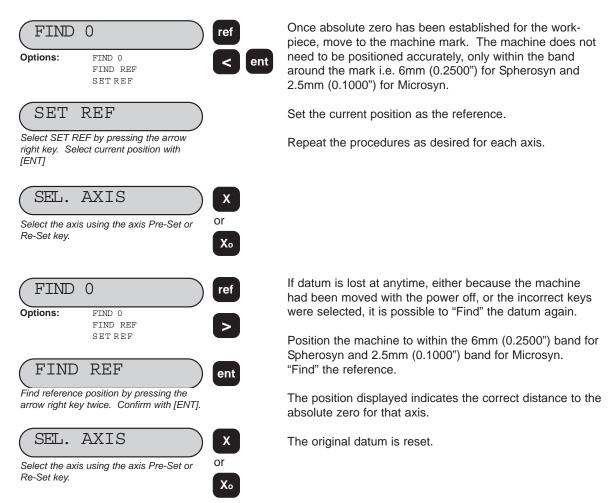
There are two ways to use Digifind:

- 1. In conjunction with a machine or workpiece marker;
- 2. To find the last datum (absolute zero).

5.3.1 Using a Machine or Workpiece Marker

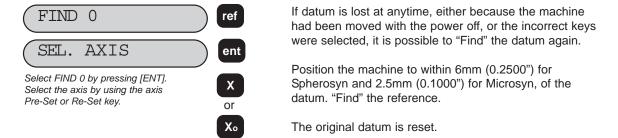
A mark must be made on both a stationary part and moving part of the machine. The marks must be aligned and will serve as the machine "home" position. For example, the mark could be on the reader head and mill table, or a scribed line on the lathe way and a corresponding line on the carriage. The mark must be indelible, and it must allow the operator to move the machine to within a 0.2500" (6 mm) -Spherosyn [0.1000" (2.5mm) - Microsyn] band around the mark at any time.

Alternatively, you can use a convenient reference point on the workpiece. This could be the datum position itself or any other convenient point. The point can be highlighted with a marker for ease. The reference point must allow the operator to position the machine to within a 0.2500" (6 mm) -Spherosyn [0.1000" (2.5mm) -Microsyn] band around the mark.



5.3.2 Find Absolute Zero

As a fail-safe, Digifind can "find" the last datum or absolute zero set, i.e. the position the last time the [Xo], [Yo], [Zo], or [Z'o] key was used.



5.4 Sub datums (SDM)







The DP8 can store up to 199 SDM (Sub-Datum) positions, or machining steps, in non-volatile memory. The positions remain in memory even if the power has been turned off.

Using SDM allows the operator to work to zero by calling up stored dimensions, instead of "working up" to print dimensions. This eliminates the need to constantly refer to the print, and reduces the possibility of scrapping parts due to mis-read dimensions. It also speeds up positioning because the operator works to

The SDMs are stored as co-ordinates relative to the absolute datum position. If the absolute datum position changes, the SDMs will "shift" to the new datum.

SDMs provide the operator increased productivity in batch machining of parts. Once a repetitive sequence of co-ordinates is entered into SDM, the co-ordinates can be recalled at any time. The positions remain in memory until altered by the operator. Simply assign any SDM number 1 - 199 to each machining step. When machining, call up each step (SDM) number and work to zero.

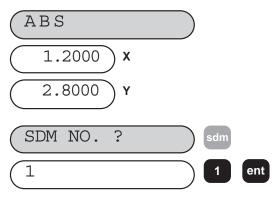
SDMs also reduce time for tool changes by giving the operator a fast and accurate method of returning to locations for other operations.

SDMs also simplify machining parts with more than one datum point. The absolute zero or datum position is determined and set. Then the secondary datum positions are entered into SDM. Once the SDM co-ordinates are stored, the operator can display co-ordinates relative to the SDM, as well as to the absolute datum posi-

SDMs are stored by using one of the following two methods:

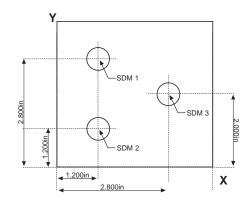
5.4.1 Method 1 (Teach Mode)

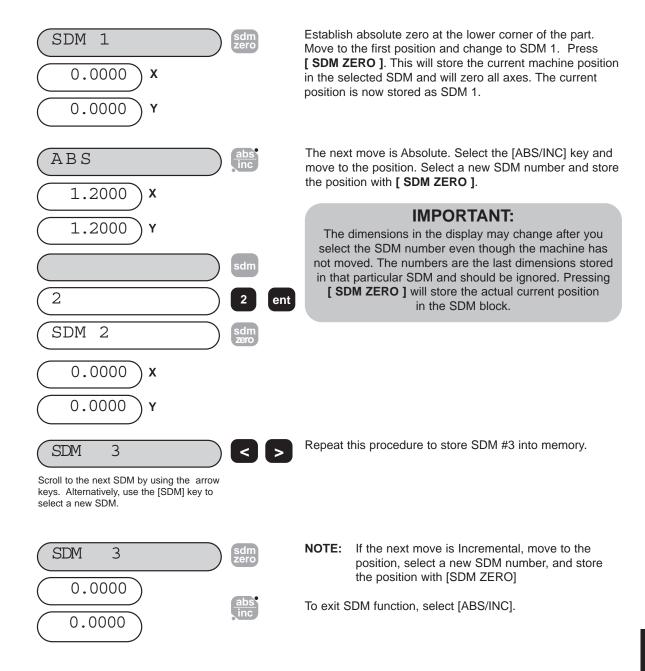
Using this method, move the machine to the position to be stored as the SDM. Use this method to avoid entering print dimensions via the keypad. The operator "works up" to the dimensions on the print the first time. Each position is stored in SDM by pressing the Teach key [SDM ZERO], once an SDM number has been selected.



EXAMPLE:

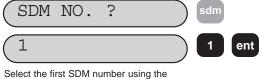
Keystrokes for entering the following part dimension into SDM are shown.





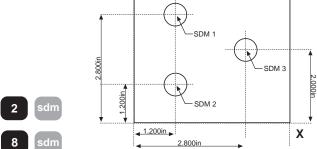
5.4.2 Method 2 (Manual Mode)

In this example, known SDM co-ordinates are entered via the keypad without moving the machine. SDM co-ordinates must be entered relative to the absolute datum position. In other words each axis should be set to zero prior to programming sub-datums



EXAMPLE:

Keystrokes for entering the following part dimension into SDM are shown.



SDM 1

[SDM] or arrow keys.

1.2000 2.8000

Select the desired AXIS, enter the dimension and confirm with SDM.

Scroll through the next SDM by using the arrow keys. Alternatively, use the [SDM] key to select a new SDM. Enter the new coordinates via the keypad.



NOTE: The axis displays will change to show the current position relative to the SDM.

Repeat procedure for SDM2 and SDM 3.

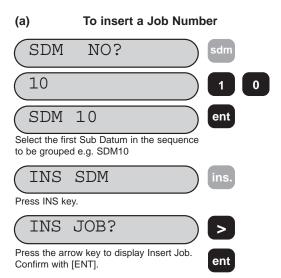


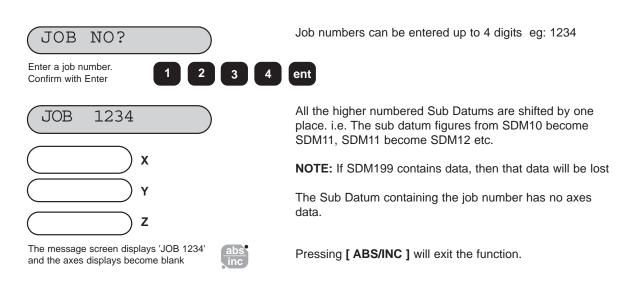
To exit SDM function, select ABS/INC

5.4.3 **Job Numbers**

This function enables a group of sub datums to be identified by a number at the beginning of the group, and an end marker at the end of the group.

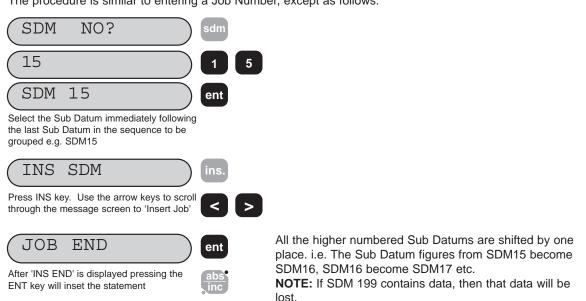
Once a series of sub datums has been entered it is possible to enter the Job Number and End Marker. From a selected Sub Datum proceed as follows in the example below:





(b) To add a Job End statement

The procedure is similar to entering a Job Number, except as follows:

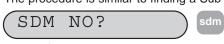


(c) Searching for a Job Number

axes data. Pressing [ABS/INC] will exit the function.

The Sub Datum containing the job end marker has no

The procedure is similar to finding a Sub Datum, except as follows:

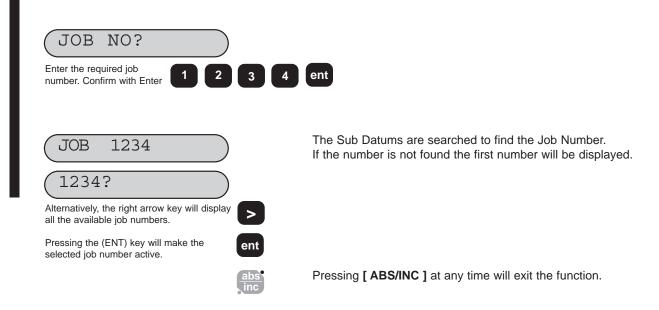


Enter the Sub Datum function by pressing the SDM key. The message screen prompts for the Sub Datum number.

Pressing the right arrow key changes the message screen to 'JOB NO?'



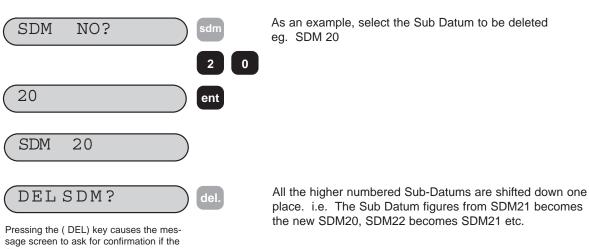
Standard Functions



5.4.4 **Editing Sub Datums and Job Numbers**

To edit the Sub Datums and Job Numbers the [INS] and [DEL] keys are used. From a selected Sub Datum proceed as follows:





Sub Datum is to be deleted.

Pressing the (ENT) key confirms the deletion.

ent

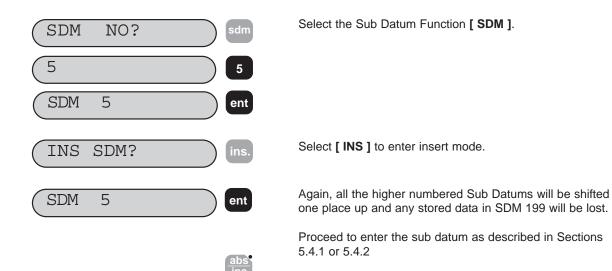
NOTE: Pressing CE clears the selection, and the SDM is retained.

(b) To delete a Job Number

Follow the above sequence except scroll the message screen, using the arrow keys, to display the Job Number to be deleted instead of the Sub Datum number.

(c) To insert a SubDatum

The process for inserting a Sub Datum is similar to inserting a Job Number (Section 5.4.3 (a)) except when the Sub Datum is selected do not press [>] to access the Insert Job mode 'INS JOB?'.



Pressing [ABS/INC] will exit the function.

5.5 Inch/Millimetres



To change between display in millimetres and in inches, press [IN/MM]. The displays will be converted instantly. A light beside the key reminds you which measurement you are using.

Selecting inch or millimetre display applies to all dimensions. For example, if you are in millimetre display, whenever you enter dimensions you should also use millimeters.

When you switch on the DP8, it will display in the same unit of measurement that you set when you last used the unit.

5.6 Datahold (Display Off)



Datahold allows you to disable the DP8 display/keypad but retain power to the measurement transducers and memory circuits. You can use datahold to prevent unauthorised or accidental use of the DP8 whilst unattended.

To select datahold, press



To return to normal use, press the



NOTE: If the [ABS/INC] key is pressed prior to the second



the DP8 will go into Set-Up mode.

5.7 Zero Approach

Zero approach is an indicator to the operator that the machine position is approaching a user definable position on the component. Section 3.3 (r) details the procedure for setting the approach warning window.

When ever any axis display is less than (or equal to) the defined window, then a flashing '0' appears at the left of that axis display. As the axis moves closer to the zero position the flash rate increases. When the axis is closer than 0.05mm (0.002") to zero the "0" stops flashing and remains lit.

6.0 MILL FUNCTIONS

6.1 PCD / Bolt Hole Circle



The DP8 Mill calculates positions for a series of equally spaced holes around the circumference of a circle or an arc. The message display prompts the user for various parameters it needs to do the calculations. Once the DP8 Mill completes the calculations, the axis displays show the distance to each hole. The operator works to Zero for each hole location.

To access the PCD function press the key.



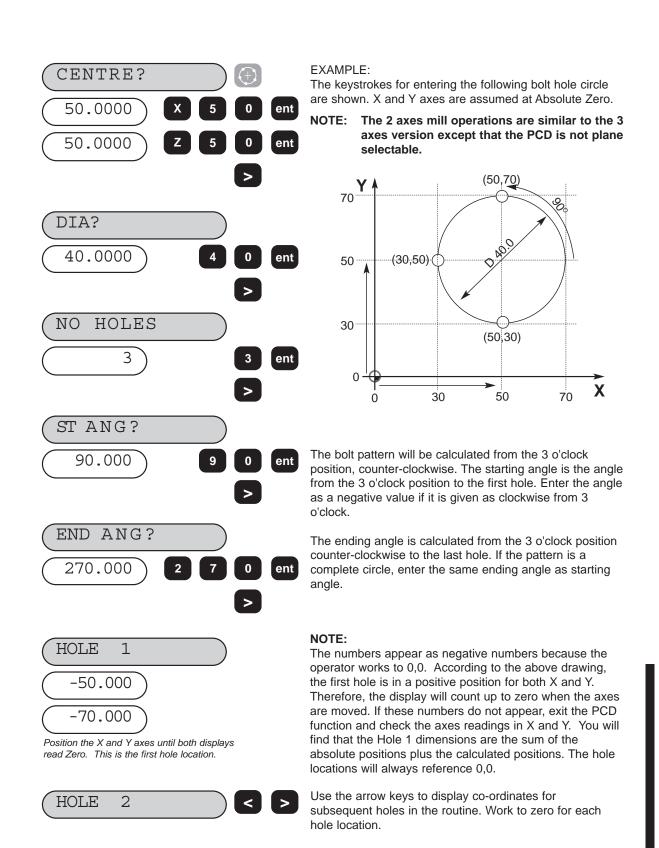


PCD - XZ PCD - YZ



Scroll through available options using the arrow key and select desired plane with ENT.





6.2 Arc Contouring



The DP8 calculates positions for rough machining an arc or radius. The message display prompts the user for various parameters needed to do the calculations. Once the calculations are complete, the axis displays show the co-ordinates, which are point-to-point positions along the arc. The operator moves to Zero for each point position.

It is possible to machine along the inside or outside of the arc. Arc Contouring can be used in three planes: XY, XZ or YZ. The vertical planes (XZ, YZ) are only available if using a 3-axes DP8 Mill.

ARC	XY	R
Options:	ARC - XY ARC - XZ	>
	ARC - YZ	

Scroll through available options using the arrow key and select desired plane with [ENT].

EXAMPLE:

The keystrokes for entering the following arc are shown.

Centre: Radius:	X2.370" 4.0"	Y1.490"
Start Point:	X1.320"	Y5.370"
End Point Tool Diameter:	X6.220" 0.5"	Y2.510"
Internal/External:	0.0	RAD-TOOL)
Maximum Cut:	0.1"	

CENTRE?



RADIUS?

4.0000

4	ent

ent

$\overline{}$		
(O III	TTC	
S'11	יום	
$D \perp \cdot$		

1.3200

5.3700

END.









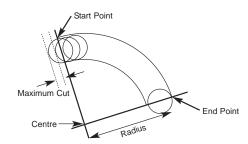
ent

ent

6.2200

PT?

2.5100



The ARC function assumes an arc of 180° or less. For a 180° arc, the routine will calculate the arc in a counter-clockwise direction, assuming standard XYZ movement.

IMPORTANT!

If the parameters entered in START POINT and END POINT are inconsistent, the CENTER and RADIUS figures override the inconsistent parameters.

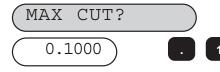
TOOLDIA

0.5000

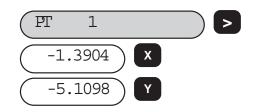


Scroll through available options using the arrow key and select internal or external with (ENT).

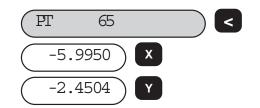
The RADIUS + TOOL calculates a toolpath which is compensated to the outside of the Arc. RADIUS - TOOL calculates a toolpath which is compensated to the inside of the Arc.



MAXIMUM CUT refers to the distance between machining points. The smaller the increment, the smoother the arc and the more points calculated. The larger the increment, the rougher the arc and the fewer points calculated.



The DP8 displays the distance to Point 1. The example assumes the operator is at absolute zero. If not, the numbers displayed will be the calculated axes values, plus the values of the current X, Y position relative to 0,0.



Use the arrow key to display co-ordinates for the last point in the arc. This also displays the number of points to be worked in the arc.





ent

ent

Use the arrow keys to display sequential co-ordinates for each point along the arc. Move the work to Zero at each point.

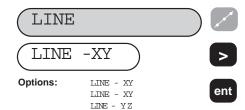
6.3 Line Hole Function



Line Hole Function can be accessed in either the Absolute, Incremental or Sub-Datum modes.

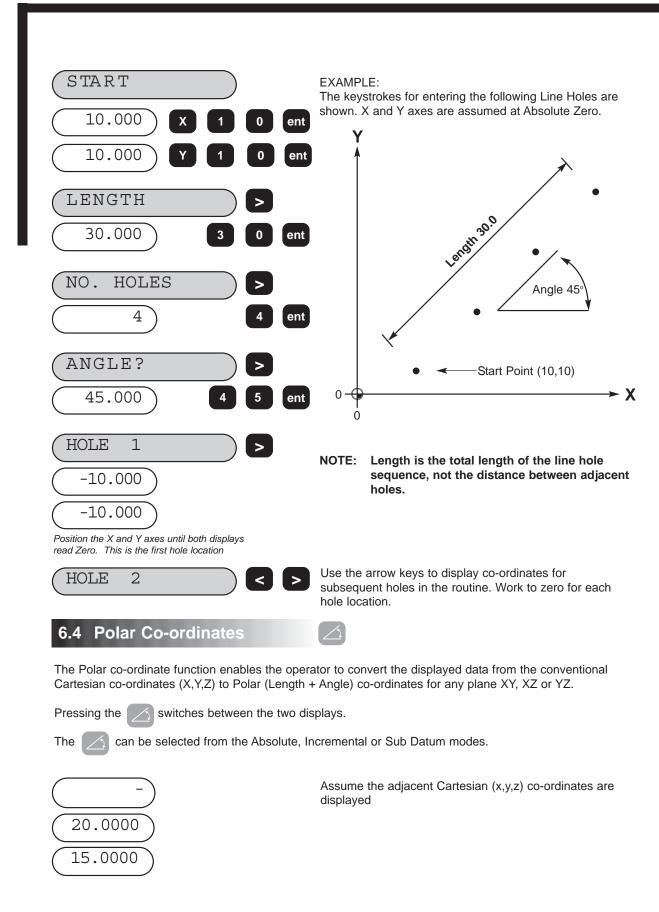
To enter the Line Hole function press the ke

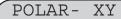
Three axes versions will display the message LINE - XY, or XZ or YZ.



NOTE: Two axes versions will not offer the axes selection and will directly prompt 'START'. The rest of the sequence is identical.

Scroll through available options using the arrow key and select your option with (ENT).





Options:

POLAR-XY POLAR-XZ POLAR-YZ

Press the polar key to switch to Polar mode. ent Use the arrow keys to scroll between the available planes.

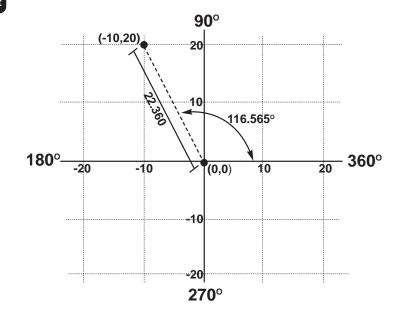
Note: Only (X,Y) is available on the 2 axis version.

Pressing the [POLAR] key converts the display from Cartesian into Polar mode.



EXAMPLE:

Diagram showing both Cartesian and Polar Plot



Ρ 22.360 Α

-15.000

The letter P appears in the left most display segment. This is the argument or length of the vector. See the diagram for clarification.

The letter A appears in the second axis display. This refers to the angle of the co-ordinates. The angle is displayed to three decimal places.

As the plane X,Y was selected the Z display remains unchanged.



Pressing the Polar key again returns the display to Cartesian co-ordinates.

NOTE: Pressing the [Xo] key in Polar mode will reset the argument to zero, i.e. X and Y both zero in cartesian co-ordinates.

7.0 LATHE FUNCTIONS

7.1 Tool Offsets





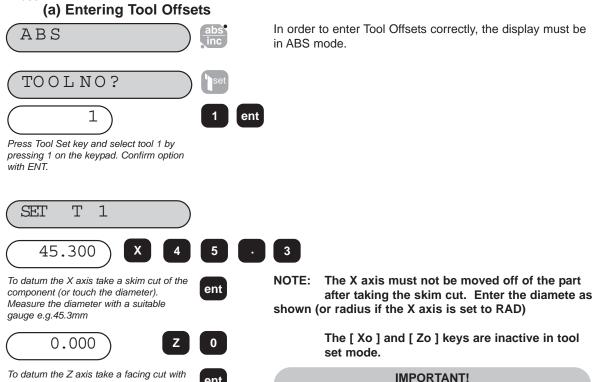
The Tool Offset function allows the operator to enter and store offsets for a range of tools. This enables the operator to change tools without resetting absolute zero or datum. Using tool offsets insures that diameter and length measurements will remain consistent after tool changes. This speeds up tool changes and increases productivity as it eliminates the need for the operator to stop and manually measure the diameter.

The number of Tool Offsets available is 99. This large number allows tools to be grouped where more than one set is used. For convenience, it is highly recommended that Tools are physically marked with their corresponding Tool number. Also, it is recommended that an indexable style tool post be used to ensure that the tools are always in the same position in the tool ost after the offsets are programmed.

The Tool Offset function involves two separate and distinct operations:

- 1. Entering Tool Offsets with the [TOOL SET] key
- 2. Using Tool Offsets with the [TOOL] key

The two separate functions insures against accidental loss or reprogramming of a tool offset dimension while

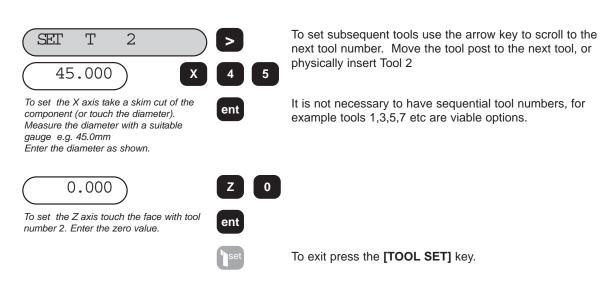


The first tool entered in Tool Offsets is always

considered to be the Reference Tool. All other tools entered are offset in relation to the difference in length and width as compared to Tool 1.

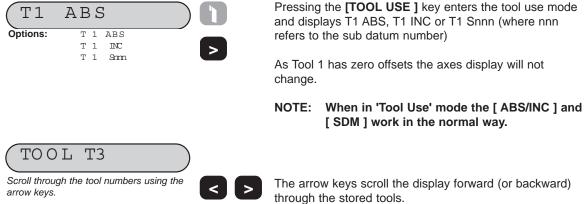
tool number 1. Do not move the tool away

from the face and enter the Zero value



(b) Using Tool Offsets

It is possible to access the Tool Offset function from the Absolute, Incremental or Sub Datum modes.



OR

Key in the desired tool number using the keypad and select option with ENT.

The tool number can be entered directly enabling the ent operator to directly access the required tool offset. e.g. Tool 3 as shown. or

For each tool, the offsets are added to the displayed figures. Before machining a new part, select a tool, take a diameter cut with that tool, measure the diameter and enter the figure in the X display. For the Z, take a facing cut at a known dimension and enter the value in the Z display. Other tools will then be referenced to the same datum.

Pressing the **[TOOL USE]** key again exits the function.

(c) Editing Tool Offsets

T1 ABS If a tool is worn or replaced then that tool offset must be reset.

Before editing a tool it is necessary to ensure the datums are correctly set.

Press the [TOOL USE] key and select tool number 1 (Unless this tool is to be edited). Datum the axes as described in (b) using Tool Off-Sets. For the purpose of editing, make the Z dimension zero.



Press the [TOOL USE] key to exit tool use mode





Enter edit by pressing the [TOOL SET] key.





To enter the revised tool offsets take a skim cut of the outer diameter with the selected tool. Without moving the tool off of the part, measure the diameter or radius and enter the value in the X axis display. For the Z axis, touch the face and enter '0' in the Z axis display.

NOTE: If tool 1 needs to be edited, the procedure is the same except the axes should be datumed using another tool.



Press the [TOOL SET] key to exit the edit mode.

7.2 Taper Function



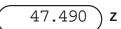
The taper function shows the angular displacement of the displayed (X,Z) position. The function can be entered from Absolute, Incremental or Sub Datum mode.

34.788



The message screen will display the angle of the X and Z co-ordinates relative to the X and Z datums.

32.992



Press Taper key and enter Taper mode.



Pressing the [TAPER] key returns to the normal display.

7.3 Summing

1+1

The summing function allows the sum of two selected axes to be displayed. The axes are selected in Set-Up see section 3.2. Summing is available on the 3-Axis version only.

(100.000)x

1234.000)z

50.000)z

In the following example it assumes that the bed (Z) and compound (Z') are the selected axes.

Z + Z > Z

100.000 x

1284.000 z

50.000) **z**

Press the Summing key [1+1] to select the Summing function. The selection of the summed axes is made in Set-Up (Refer to Section 3.2).

The message screen displays Z+Z'>Z, and the Z display shows the sum of the two axes.

ABS

100.000 x

1234.000) **z**

50.000 z

Pressing the [1+1] key returns to the original (non summed) axes display.

NOTE: Axis displays may be zeroed or loaded with a value in the summed mode. The underlying X or Z values are altered to suit.

7.4 Vectoring



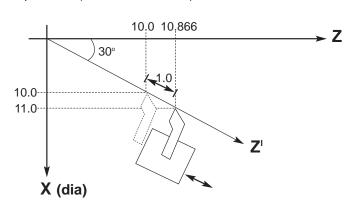
When a Lathe is fitted with ascale on the compound, vectoring provides a true reading of the tool path when it is angled at any position from 0° - 90° relative to the part. Vectoring is, calculated using the formulas $(Z + Z \cos\Theta)$ and $(X + Z \sin\Theta)$ where Z represents the compund scale reading.

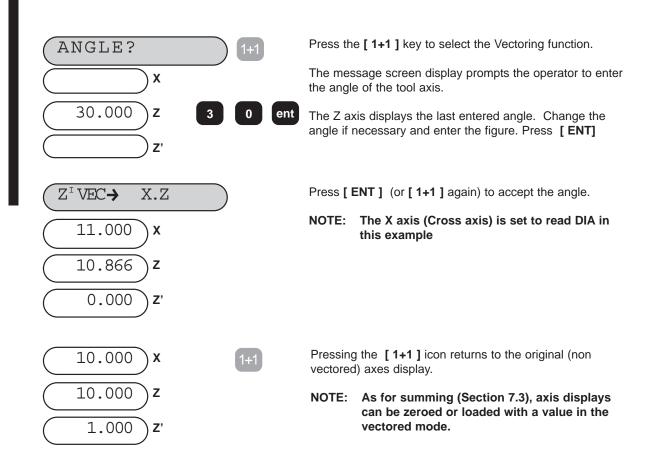
Vectoring has to be initially selected in the Set-Up routine. (Refer to Section 3.2)

10.000 x

10.000)z

1.000)z





8.0 AUXILIARY OUTPUT OPTION

Figure 8.1 shows the pin functions of the auxiliary connector.

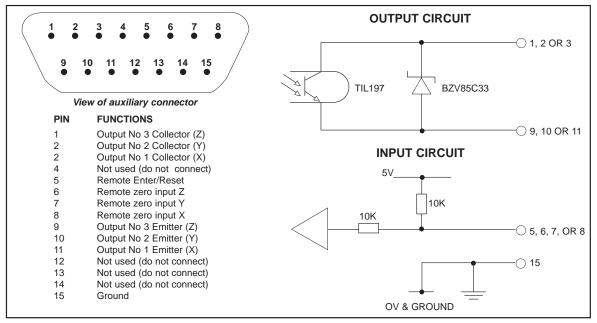


Figure 8.1 Auxiliary Connector

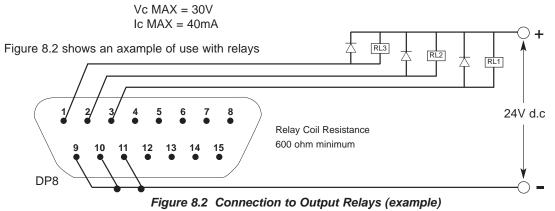
8.1 Position Pulse Output

8.11 Purpose

The Position Pulse Output function on the DP8 provides a means by which external devices such as relays or programmable logic controllers (PLC's) can be used to control a machine from the DP8. Only ow voltage connections may be made to the auxiliary input/output of the DP8.

8.12 Outputs

There are three optically isolated outputs for this function. These are transistor outputs with both the collectors and emitters uncommitted, i.e. equivalent to voltage free contacts. The transistors are normally in the ON state (normally closed contacts) and change to the OFF state when active. The rating of the transistors is:-



8.13 Inputs

There is one input which may be used to reset the position pulse output function. This input is grounded to cause a reset. e.g. a switch or relay contact may be used.

Operation

There are two modes of operation; single axis or all axis.

(a) Single Axis Operation

Each one of the three outputs corresponds to a set position, position 1, 2 or 3, on one axis only. As that axis passes through each of the set positions then the corresponding output will change from it's normally ON state to OFF. The direction of travel must be in the negative direction and each output will change just once and stay OFF until reset. The outputs may be reset in one of three different ways;

- by pressing the [ENT] key
- ii) by means of the external input
- iii) by returning the axis past a preset "reset" position.

Figure 8.3 illustrates single axis operation.

This mode of operation enables the DP8 to be easily connected to relays or a PLC for control on one axis.

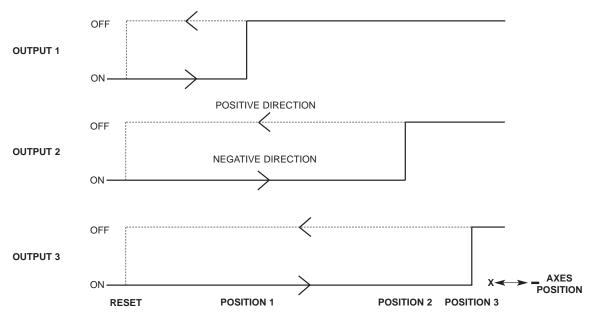


Figure 8.3 Pulse Position Output (Single Axis)

(b) All Axis Operation

Each of the three outputs corresponds to one axis only. Three positions together with a reset position can be set for each axis. As an axis passes through the first two set positions a pulse will occur on the output for that axis. As the third position is reached then the output will change state to OFF and stay in that condition until a reset occurs. The reset methods are as for single axis operation. As with single axis operation the direction of travel must be negative, therefore the first and second positions must be set at more positive values than the third. Figure 8.4 illustrates all axis operation.

The width of the output pulses may be set from 2ms up to 120ms.

In this mode of operation the DP8 may be easily connected to a PLC for control of one, two or three axes.

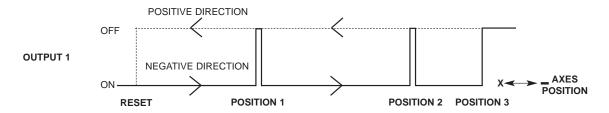


Figure 8.4 Pulse Position Output (All Axes - shown for X axis only)

(C) Set-Up

The Position Pulse Output parameters are set through "Set-Up" (Refer to Section 3.3). Select "POS OUT" from the menu. This will give a sub-menu with the following choices:-

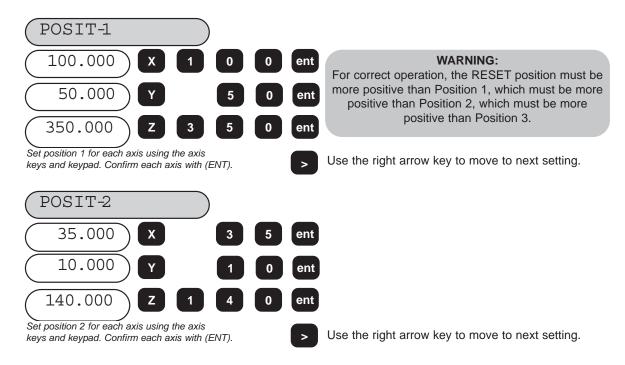
OFF	Select for no output pulses
X Axis	Select for single axis operation on X
Y Axis	Select for single axis operation on Y (Note: For the lathe version Y axis refers to Z Axis)
Z Axis	Select for single axis operation on Z (Note: For the lathe version Z axis refers to Z' Axis)
All Axes	Select for all axis operation

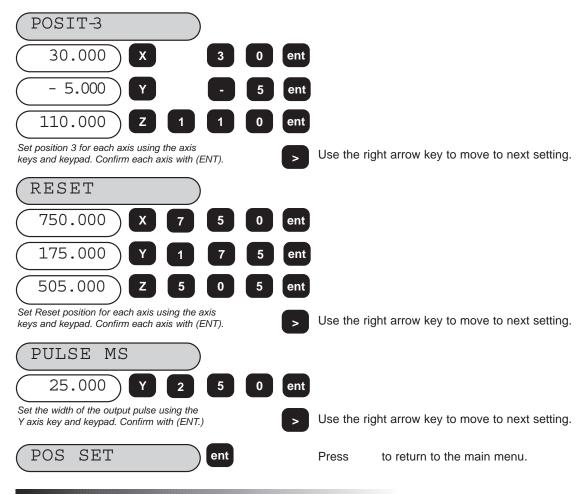
Use the arrow keys until the desired mode is displayed, then press ENT. If the Position Pulse Output is not to be used select OFF.

Also in the main menu is the item POS SET. Selecting this gives another sub-menu:-

POSIT-1	Set 1st position(s) on one or all axes
POSIT-2	Set 2nd position(s) on one or all axes
POSIT-3	Set 3rd position(s) on one or all axes
RESET	Reset position(s) on one or all axes
PULSE MS	Set pulse width in ms (one value only)

The arrow keys will move you through these parameters displaying the current settings. To alter a setting, press the appropriate axis key and enter the new value. e.g. if "ALL AXIS" operation has previously been selected, then the keystrokes might be:





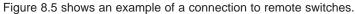
8.2 Remote Zero and Enter Inputs

8.21 Remote Zero

Three inputs are provided for the remote zero function, one for each axis X, Y or Z. When one of these inputs is grounded, e.g. by a switch or relay contact, then the respective axis display will zero. This action is equivalent to pressing the **[Xo]**, **[Yo]** or **[Zo]** keys.

8.22 Remote Enter

One input is provided for a remote enter. This input can be used as a remote **[ENT]** key. For example, it may be required that the X axis be set to 25.0 whilst making fine adjustments at some distance away from the DP8. Press **[X][2][5]** on the DP8 keypad and, when ready, press the remote **[ENT]** switch.



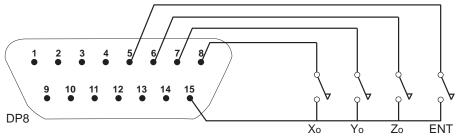


Figure 8.5 Connection to Remote Zero and Enter Switches

9.0 TROUBLESHOOTING

Symptom	Solutions
Nothing happens when the unit is switched on. Even the switch lamp is off.	Check that the unit is correctly connected to a working power source. Check the power lead is not damaged. Check the selector switch on the DP8 DSU is set to accept the correct power supply voltage. Check the fuse. Note that if the fuse has blown, this suggests a fault with the power source which must be corrected before the fuse is
The switch lamp is on but nothing happens	replaced. (See Section 2.2) Check the cable and connections between the DSU and Display/Keypad.
3 When the unit is switched on the displays are frozen.	This suggests that voltage of the power is too low. Check that the power source is within the limits accepted by the unit. (See Section 2.2)
4 The displays work, but reset from time to time without the keys being pressed.	This suggests either that the voltage of the power source is too low, or that the power source has an intermittent fault. Check the power source as above. Check that all connections are sound.
5 The displays work, but give erratic readings, the last digit jitters or the measurements jump to new figures unexpectedly.	This suggests that the there is a poor earth (ground) connection. Both the DP8 unit itself, and the machine on which it is installed, must have proper earth (ground) connections. (See Section 2.1) See also solutions to 6.
6 "SIG FAIL" appears in the display.	Check that the transducer connection is good. Check that there is no damage to the connectors or to the transducer lead. If only one axis is displaying this message, connect the transducer from a working axis into the faulty axis. If the same message appears, the fault is likely to be in the DP8 unit and you should contact your local dealer. N.B. The unit must be switched off then on again to remove the "SIG FAIL" message.
7 The unit will not respond to keys.	Switch the unit off and back on. Check the cable and connections between the DSU and Display/Keypad.

10.0 CLEANING

Disconnect the DSU from the power supply before cleaning.

It is recommended that the DSU and Display/Keypad be wiped over with a lint-free cloth with a non corrosive, non abrasive cleaning fluid.

Do not use compressed air.

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